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# Hoffman

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### (54) SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR MAINTAINING ASSOCIATIONS WITHIN A SOCIAL NETWORK FOR A USER

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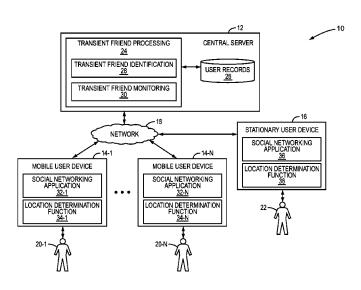
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### (57) ABSTRACT

A system and method for maintaining associations within a social network for a user are provided. A device proximate a user device is identified. It is determined whether the identified device is associated with an entity having a pre-established association with a user of the user device within the social network. The user is associated with the entity within the social network if the identified device is not associated with an entity having a pre-established association with the user. The user-entity association is maintained within the social network based upon whether the entity and the user device remain proximate.

### 21 Claims, 7 Drawing Sheets



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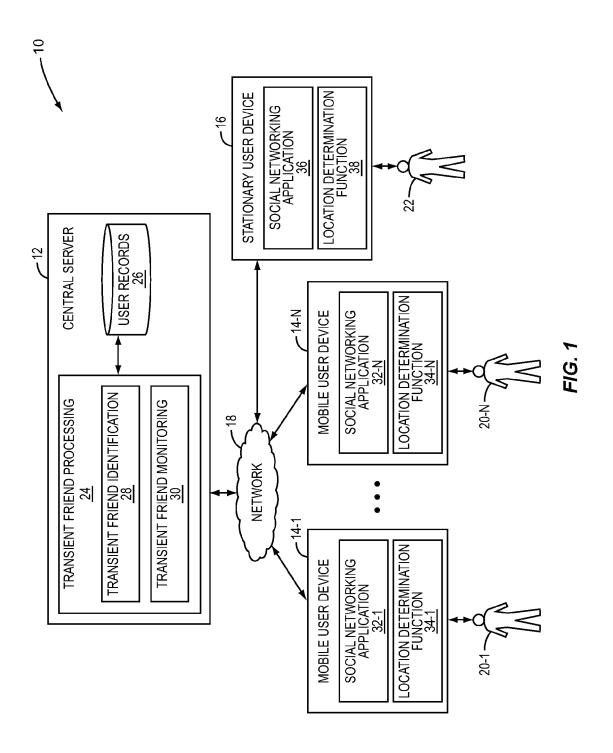
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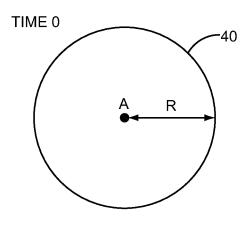


FIG. 2A

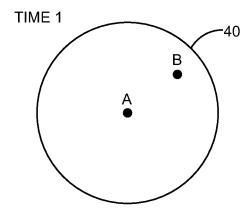


FIG. 2B

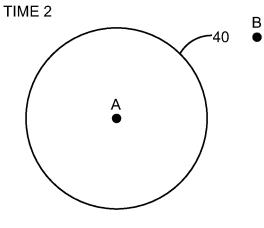


FIG. 2C

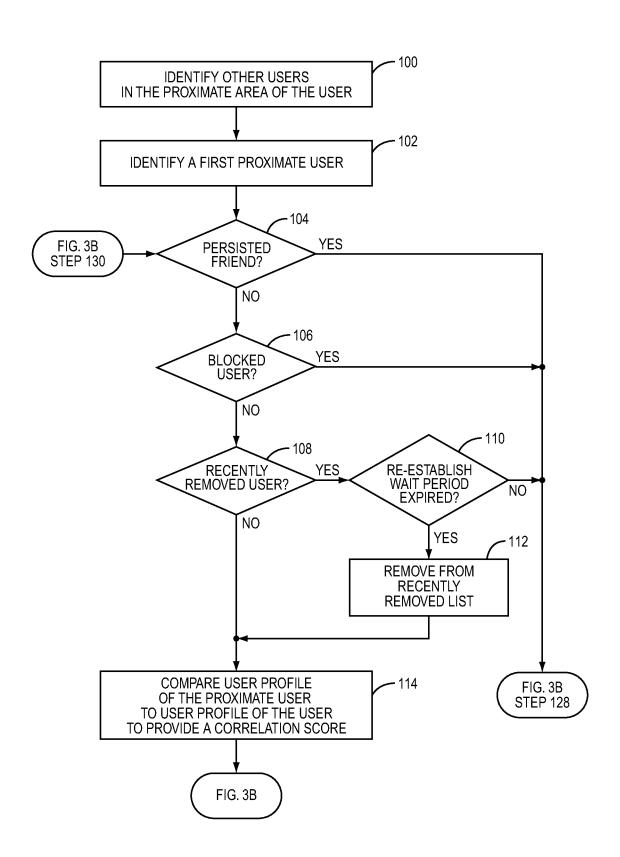


FIG. 3A

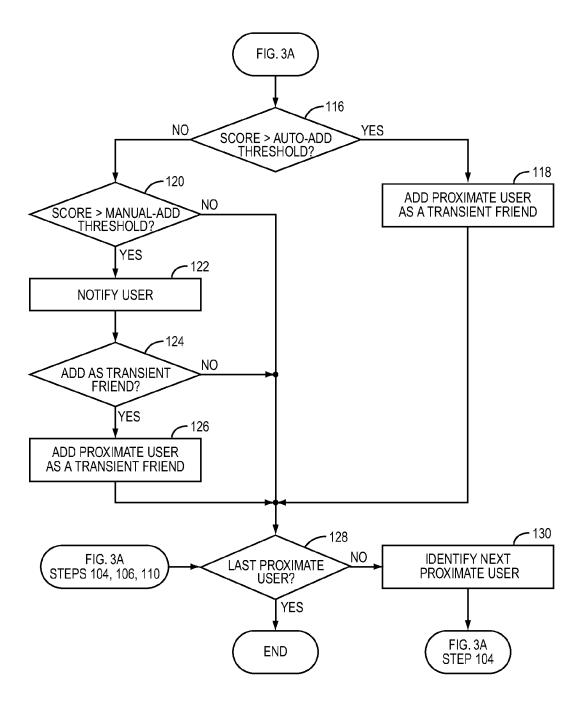


FIG. 3B

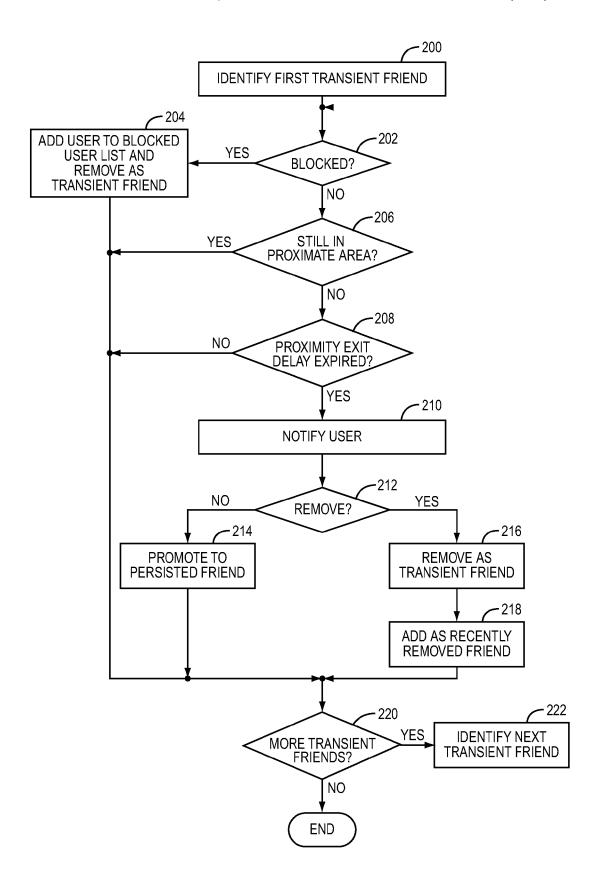
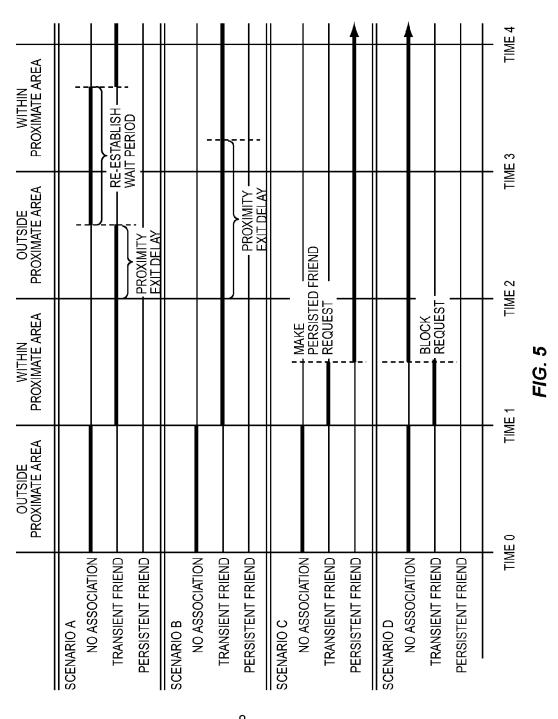


FIG. 4



RELATIONSHIP OF USER B TO USER A

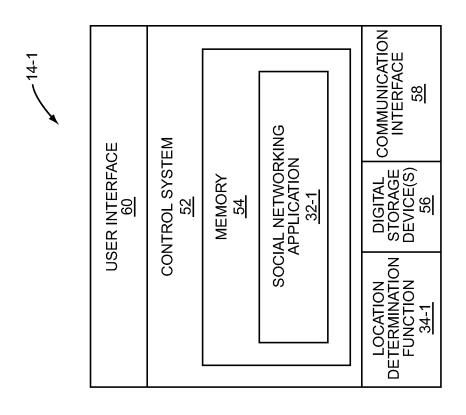
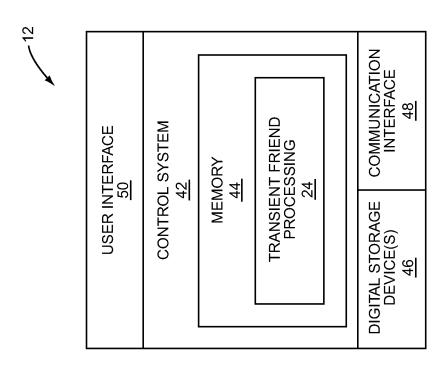


FIG. 7



F1G. (

# SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR MAINTAINING ASSOCIATIONS WITHIN A SOCIAL NETWORK FOR A USER

### RELATED APPLICATIONS

This patent application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/533,056 filed Jun. 26, 2012, entitled "SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR IDENTIFYING TRANSIENT FRIENDS," now U.S. Pat. No. 8,458,257, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/036,370 filed Feb. 28, 2011, entitled "SYSTEMAND METHOD FOR IDENTIFYING TRANSIENT FRIENDS," now U.S. Pat. No. 8,209,416, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/013,147, filed Jan. 11, 2008, entitled "SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR IDENTIFYING TRANSIENT FRIENDS," now U.S. Pat. No. 8,024,431, which claims the benefit of provisional patent application Ser. No. 61/016,074, filed Dec. 21, 2007, the disclosures of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

### **FIELD**

The present invention relates to social networking and more specifically relates to identifying transient friends for a  $^{25}$  social network.

# BACKGROUND

Today's digital world includes numerous examples of 30 social networks. For example, chat applications, instant messaging applications, social networking websites, and the like enable a user to create a social network of friends with which the user interacts. With the proliferation of mobile devices such as mobile smart phones, an opportunity exists to extend 35 traditional concepts of social networking among users of stationary devices to social networking among users of mobile devices. However, whether implemented among users of stationary devices or users of mobile devices, one issue with traditional social networks is the discovery of new 40 friends. A user must typically have prior knowledge of users that he or she wishes to add as friends or manually select users to add as friends from a global list of users. Thus, there is a need for a system and method of identifying friends for social networks in a mobile environment.

### SUMMARY

The present invention relates to identifying transient friends for a social network. In general, a transient friend 50 processing function obtains locations of a number of users or locations otherwise associated with the number of users. In order to identify transient friends for a first user, the transient friend processing function identifies other users associated with locations within a proximate area of the first user. For 55 each of the identified users, the transient friend processing function compares a user profile of the first user to a user profile of the identified user to determine whether to add the identified user as a transient friend of the first user. If the transient friend processing function determines that the identified friend is to be added as a transient friend of the first user, the identified friend is then added as a transient friend of the first user.

More specifically, in one embodiment, in order to determine whether to add an identified user associated with a 65 location within the proximate area of the first user as a transient friend of the first user, the transient friend processing

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function compares a user profile of the first user to a user profile of the identified user to provide a correlation score. If the correlation score is greater than an auto-add threshold, the identified user is added as a transient friend of the first user. If the correlation score is less than the auto-add threshold but greater than a manual-add threshold, the first user is notified of the identified user and enabled to choose whether to accept the identified user as a transient friend. If the first user accepts the identified user as a transient friend, the identified user is added as a transient friend of the first user.

The transient friend processing function also operates to monitor the transient friends of the first user. If a transient friend is no longer within the proximate area of the first user, the transient friend is removed as a transient friend of the first user. In one embodiment, a proximity exit delay is used such that the transient friend must remain outside of the proximate area of the first user for an amount of time defined by the proximity exit delay before being removed as a transient friend of the first user. Before removing the transient friend, the transient friend processing function may notify the first user and enable the first user to choose whether to promote the transient friend to a persistent friend or to allow the transient friend to be removed.

In one embodiment, a user recently removed as a transient friend of the first user is prevented from being added as a transient friend of the first user. More specifically, once a user is removed as a transient friend, a re-establish wait period is established such that the user cannot be added as a transient friend of the first user until the re-establish wait period has expired. This may be desirable to ensure that users near a boundary of the proximate area of the first user are not repeatedly added and removed as transient friends of the first user.

The first user may also choose to block a user from being added as a transient friend. More specifically, in one embodiment, the first user may select a user such as a user listed as a transient friend of the first user and choose to block that user. As a result, if the blocked user is a transient friend, the blocked user is removed as a transient friend. In addition, the blocked user is prevented from being added as a transient friend of the first user in the future. The first user may thereafter unblock the blocked user if desired.

Those skilled in the art will appreciate the scope of the present invention and realize additional aspects thereof after reading the following detailed description of the preferred embodiments in association with the accompanying drawing figures.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING FIGURES

The accompanying drawing figures incorporated in and forming a part of this specification illustrate several aspects of the invention, and together with the description serve to explain the principles of the invention.

FIG. 1 illustrates a system incorporating a transient friend processing function according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIGS. 2A through 2C graphically illustrate the operation of the transient friend processing function of FIG. 1 according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIGS. 3A and 3B are flow charts illustrating the operation of the transient friend processing function to identify transient friends according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 4 is a flow chart illustrating the operation of the transient friend processing function to monitor transient friends according to one embodiment of the present invention:

FIG. 5 graphically illustrates the concept of a proximity 5 exit delay and a re-establish wait period according to one embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 6 is a block diagram of the central server of FIG. 1 according to one embodiment of the present invention; and FIG. 7 is a block diagram of one of the user devices of FIG. 10 1 according to one embodiment of the present invention.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The embodiments set forth below represent the necessary 15 information to enable those skilled in the art to practice the invention and illustrate the best mode of practicing the invention. Upon reading the following description in light of the accompanying drawing figures, those skilled in the art will understand the concepts of the invention and will recognize 20 applications of these concepts not particularly addressed herein. It should be understood that these concepts and applications fall within the scope of the disclosure and the accompanying claims.

FIG. 1 illustrates a system 10 for identifying and monitor- 25 ing transient friends according to one embodiment of the present invention. In general, the system 10 includes a central server 12, a number of mobile user devices 14-1 through 14-N, and optionally one or more stationary user device 16 connected via a network 18. The network 18 is also referred to 30 herein as a communication network. The network 18 may be any type Wide Area Network (WAN) or Local Area Network (LAN), or any combination thereof. In addition, the network 18 may include wired components, wireless components, or both wired and wireless components. Users 20-1 through 35 20-N are associated with the mobile user devices 14-1 through 14-N. A user 22 is associated with the stationary user device 16. Note that while a single central server 12 is illustrated in FIG. 1, the present invention is not limited thereto. The functionality of the central server 12 may alternatively be 40 distributed among multiple servers.

The central server 12 includes a transient friend processing function 24 and user records 26. The transient friend processing function 24 is preferably implemented in software. However, the present invention is not limited thereto. The transient 45 friend processing function 24 may be implemented in software, hardware, or a combination thereof. The transient friend processing function 24 includes a transient friend identification function 28 and a transient friend monitoring function 30. The transient friend identification function 28 gener- 50 ally operates to identify transient friends for each of the users 20-1 through 20-N and 22. As used herein, for a first user, a transient friend of the first user is a second user located within a proximate area of the first user, or otherwise associated with a location within the proximate area of the first user, and, 55 optionally, having one or more attributes that are substantially similar to one or more attributes of the first user. Once identified as a transient friend, the second user's continued status as a transient friend of the first user is dependant upon the location of, or location associated with, the second user being 60 within the proximate area of the first user and, optionally, substantial similarity between the one or more attributes of the second user and the one or more attributes of the first user.

The transient friend monitoring function 30 operates to monitor the transient friends of the users 20-1 through 20-N 65 and 22. More specifically, using the user 20-1 as an example, the transient friend monitoring function 30 generally operates

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to monitor the transient friends of the user 20-1 such that other users from the users 20-2 through 20-N and 22 that are identified as the transient friends of the user 20-1 are removed as transient friends when they are no longer within the proximate area of the user 20-1. In one embodiment, a proximity exit delay is implemented such that a user is not removed as a transient friend until the user is outside of the proximate area of the user 20-1 for an amount of time defined by the proximity exit delay. This may be beneficial where a user is near a boundary of the proximate area of the user 20-1 and, as such, may enter and leave the proximate area of the user 20-1 frequently. The proximity exit delay, as well as a re-establish wait period discussed below, provides stability in such a scenario.

The user records 26 include a user record for each of the users 20-1 through 20-N and 22. Again using the user 20-1 as an example, the user record for the user 20-1 includes information identifying the user 20-1 such as, for example, a user identifier (ID), a user profile of the user 20-1 which includes a number of attributes of the user 20-1, one or more locations associated with the user 20-1 which are also referred to herein as physical locations, a list of persisted or permanent friends of the user 20-1, a list of transient friends of the user 20-1, a list of recently removed friends of the user 20-1, and a list of blocked users that are to be prevented from being added as transient friends of the user 20-1. The user profile of the user 20-1 includes one or more attributes of the user 20-1 such as, for example, biographical information; demographic information; music preferences such as one or more favorite music genres, one or more favorite music artists, one or more favorite songs, or one or more favorite time periods; video preferences such as one or more favorite movie genres, one or more favorite television show genres, one or more favorite actors or actresses, one or more favorite time periods; hobbies; or the like. The attributes of the user 20-1 may also include one or more criteria defined by the user 20-1 for identifying transient friends such as, for example, biographical information describing a desired transient friend, demographic information describing a desired transient friend, music preferences of a desired transient friend, video preferences of a desired transient friend, one or more hobbies of a desired transient friend, or the like. As discussed below, in one embodiment, the list of recently removed friends also includes a time of removal for each of the recently removed friends. The time of removal is a time at which the corresponding recently removed friend was removed as a transient friend of the user 20-1.

The one or more locations associated with the user 20-1 may include a current location of the user 20-1 and, optionally, one or more previous locations of the user 20-1. In addition or alternatively, the locations associated with the user 20-1 may include, for example, a home address of the user 20-1, a work address of the user 20-1, or the like. Note that while the discussion below focuses on identifying transient friends for the user 20-1 based on a single location associated with the user 20-1 for ease of discussion, transient friends may be identified for the user 20-1 using each of any number of locations associated with the user 20-1. Alternatively, the current location of the user 20-1 may be used to identify other users within the proximate area of the user 20-1, whereas any additional locations of the user 20-1 may be considered attributes and used to identify transient friends in a manner similar to the attributes in the user profile of the user 20-1.

The user record of the user 20-1 may also include information defining or otherwise identifying a proximate area of the user 20-1. In general, the proximate area of the user 20-1 is a

geographic area surrounding the user 20-1. In one embodiment, the proximate area of the user 20-1 is a circular area where the information defining the proximate area of the user 20-1 is a maximum distance or radius from the user 20-1. However, the present invention is not limited thereto. The 5 proximate area of the user 20-1 may be defined by the user 20-1 or may be system-defined. In an alternative embodiment, rather than storing information defining the proximate area of the user 20-1 in the user profile of the user 20-1, the proximate area of the user 20-1 as well as all of the other users 10-2 through 20-N and 22 may be hard-coded into the transient friend processing function 24.

The mobile user devices 14-1 through 14-N are mobile devices. For example, each of the mobile user devices 14-1 through 14-N may be a mobile phone such as or similar to an 15 Apple iPhone, a portable media player such as or similar to an Apple iPod® or Microsoft Zune® media player having network capabilities, a notebook computer, or the like. The mobile user devices 14-1 through 14-N generally include social networking applications 32-1 through 32-N and loca- 20 tion determination functions 34-1 through 34-N, respectively. Using the mobile user device 14-1 as an example, the social networking application 32-1 may be implemented in software, hardware, or a combination of software and hardware. The social networking application 32-1 is generally any type 25 of application that utilizes a social network. For example, the social networking application 32-1 may be a text-based or voice-based chat or instant messaging application, a media recommendation application, or the like. In one embodiment, the social networking application 32-1 is a social network 30 based media recommendation application such as or similar to the one described in commonly owned and assigned U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/484,130, entitled P2P NET-WORK FOR PROVIDING REAL TIME MEDIA RECOM-MENDATIONS, which was filed on Jul. 11, 2006 and is 35 like. hereby incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

The location determination function 34-1 may be implemented in software, hardware, or a combination thereof. In general, the location determination function 34-1 determines or otherwise obtains a location of the mobile user device 14-1 40 and provides the location to the central server 12 automatically or upon request. For example, the location determination function 34-1 may be a Global Positioning System (GPS) receiver or the like. As another example, the location determination function 34-1 may obtain the location of the mobile 45 user device 14-1 from an external source. More specifically, if the mobile user device 14-1 has access to a wireless telecommunications network, the location of the mobile user device 14-1 may be determined by a server or some other component of the wireless telecommunications network using a tech- 50 nique such as, but not limited to, triangulation. If the mobile user device 14-1 has a local wireless interface such as a Bluetooth interface or one of the suite of IEEE 802.11 wireless interfaces, the mobile user device 14-1 may obtain its location from a source within its local wireless communica- 55 tion area. As another example, the location determination function 34-1 may obtain the location of the mobile user device 14-1 from the user 20-1. More specifically, the location determination function 34-1 may query the user 20-1 for the location of the mobile user device 14-1 or otherwise 60 enable the user 20-1 enter the location of the mobile user device 14-1. The user 20-1 may provide the location of the mobile user device 14-1 in the form of a physical address or the like.

In an alternative embodiment, the mobile user device **14-1** 65 does not include the location determination function **34-1**, and the location of the mobile user device **14-1** is otherwise

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provided to or obtained by the central server 12. For example, as discussed above, the mobile user device 14-1 may be associated with a wireless telecommunications network in one embodiment. As such, a server or other component of the wireless telecommunications network may obtain the location of the mobile user device 14-1 using a technique such as, but not limited to, triangulation. The location of the mobile user device 14-1 may then be provided to the central server 12 automatically or upon request. As another alternative, the central server 12 may be a component of the wireless telecommunications network and be responsible for determining the location of the mobile user device 14-1 using a technique such as, but not limited to, triangulation.

In another alternative embodiment, the mobile user device 14-1 may transiently connect to the network 18 via a local wireless interface such as a Bluetooth wireless interface or one of the suite of IEEE 802.11 wireless interfaces. In this case, the mobile user device 14-1 may use the local wireless interface to connect to the central server 12 through distributed access points. The central server 12 may then determine the location of the mobile user device 14-1 using an Internet Protocol (IP) address of the mobile user device 14-1 or the like. Note that techniques for determining location based on an IP address are known in the art.

The stationary user device 16 may be, for example, a desktop computer or similar consumer device having network capabilities. Like the mobile user devices 14-1 through 14-N, the stationary user device 16 includes a social networking application 36, which may be implemented in software, hardware, or a combination thereof. The stationary user device 16 may include a location determination function 38. Alternatively, the location of the stationary user device 16 may be provided by the user 22, determined by the central server 12 based on an IP address of the stationary user device 16, or the like.

Note that in another embodiment, the stationary user device 16 may be a device such as a server, personal computer, or the like associated with a business or other public facility, and the user 22 may be an automated user and therefore referred to as automated user 22. As such, when the business or other public facility is within the proximate area of, for example, the user 20-1, the automated user 22 may be identified as a transient friend of the user 20-1. As a result, the automated user 22 may, for example, send information regarding the business or other public facility to the user 20-1. For example, the automated user 22 may send advertisements, media recommendations, or the like to the user 20-1.

FIGS. 2A through 2C illustrate the general operation of the transient friend processing function 24 of FIG. 1 according to one embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 2A illustrates a proximate area 40 of user A. In this example, the proximate area 40 is a circular area defined by a radial distance R. However, the present invention is not limited thereto. FIG. 2B illustrates a scenario where user B has entered the proximate area 40 of user A. As discussed below, the transient friend identification function 28 first detects that user B is within the proximate area 40 of user A and then compares a user profile of user A to a user profile of user B to determine a correlation score. If the correlation score is greater than an auto-add threshold, user B is automatically added as a transient friend of user A. If the correlation score is less than the auto-add threshold but greater than a manual-add threshold, user A is notified of user B and enabled to choose whether to add user B as a transient friend. In this example, assume that user B has been added as a transient friend of user A.

FIG. 2C illustrates a scenario where user B, after being added as a transient friend of user A, is no longer within the

proximate area 40 of user A. As discussed below, the transient friend monitoring function 30 first detects that user B is outside the proximate area 40 of user A and then determines whether to remove user B as a transient friend of user A. In one embodiment, after user B has been outside the proximate 5 area 40 for an amount of time equal to or greater than a proximity exit delay, the transient friend monitoring function 30 notifies user A and enables user A to choose whether to promote user B from a transient friend to a persisted friend or to remove user B as a transient friend. Alternatively, the 10 transient friend monitoring function 30 may automatically remove user B as a transient friend of user A.

FIGS. 3A and 3B are flow charts illustrating the operation of the transient friend identification function 28 according to one embodiment of the present invention. Note that although 15 the following process is discussed as being performed to identify transient friends of the user 20-1, the process is also performed to identify transient friends of each of the other users 20-2 through 20-N and 22. First, the transient friend identification function 28 identifies one or more users from 20 the other users 20-2 through 20-N and 22 within the proximate area of the user 20-1 to create a list of proximate users (step 100). A first proximate user from the list of proximate users is identified (step 102). The transient friend identification function 28 then determines whether the proximate user 25 is a persisted friend (step 104). More specifically, in order to determine whether the proximate user is a persisted friend of the user 20-1, the transient friend identification function 28 may compare a user ID of the proximate user to the list of persisted friends for the user 20-1. If the proximate user is in 30 the list of persisted friends for the user 20-1, then the proximate user is already a persisted friend of the user 20-1. If the proximate user is a persisted friend of the user 20-1, the process proceeds to step 128 (FIG. 3B).

If the proximate user is not a persisted friend of the user 20-1, the transient friend identification function 28 then determines whether the proximate user is a user blocked by the user 20-1 (step 106). More specifically, in order to determine whether the proximate user is a user blocked by the user 20-1, the transient friend identification function 28 may compare a user ID of the proximate user to the list of blocked users for the user 20-1. If the proximate user is in the list of blocked users for the user 20-1, then the proximate user is a user blocked by the user 20-1. If the proximate user is a blocked user, the process proceeds to step 128 (FIG. 3B).

If the proximate user is not a blocked user, the transient friend identification function 28 then determines whether the proximate user is a user recently removed as a transient friend of the user 20-1 (step 108). More specifically, in order to determine whether the proximate user is a user recently removed as a transient friend of the user 20-1, the transient friend identification function 28 may compare a user ID of the proximate user to a list of recently removed users for the user 20-1. If the proximate user is in the list of recently removed users for the user 20-1, then the proximate user is a user 55 recently removed by the user 20-1. If the proximate user is not a recently removed user, the process proceeds to step 114.

In this embodiment, if the proximate user is a recently removed user, the transient friend identification function **28** then determines whether a re-establish wait period for the 60 proximate user has expired (step **110**). The re-establish wait period is a user-defined or system-defined amount of time that must expire before a user removed as a transient friend can be re-established as a transient friend. In order to determine whether the re-establish wait period has expired, the transient 65 friend identification function **28** may first determine an expiration time corresponding to a removal time identifying a

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time at which the proximate user was removed as a transient friend of the user 20-1 plus the amount of time defined by the re-establish wait period. If the current time is after the expiration time, then the re-establish wait period has expired. Otherwise, the re-establish wait period has not expired. If the re-establish wait period has not expired, the process proceeds to step 128 (FIG. 3B). If the re-establish wait period has expired, the transient friend identification function 28 removes the proximate user from the recently removed friends list for the user 20-1 (step 112).

At this point, the transient friend identification function 28 compares the user profile of the proximate user to the user profile of the user 20-1 to provide a correlation score (step 114). The correlation score may be provided using any desired comparison technique. For example, the correlation score may be a number of attributes from the user profile of the proximate user that match or are within some defined range of corresponding attributes from the user profile of the user 20-1, or vice versa. As another example, the correlation score may be provided as a percentage of attributes in the user profile of the proximate user that match or are within a defined range of corresponding attributes in the user profile of the user 20-1, or vice versa. Note that weights may be assigned to user attributes such that some user attributes affect the correlation score more than others.

Note that comparing the user profile of the proximate user to the user profile of the user 20-1 to provide a correlation score is optional. Alternatively, all other users within the proximate area of the user 20-1 may be added as transient friends of the user 20-1. In another alternative embodiment, up to some defined maximum number of the other users within the proximate area of the user 20-1 may be added as transient friends of the user 20-1. As another alternative embodiment, up to a defined maximum number of other users that are closest to the location of the user 20-1 may be added as transient friends of the user 20-1. Note that these alternative embodiments are exemplary. Other types of criteria may be used in order to select transient friends from other users within the proximate area of the user 20-1.

Once the correlation score is determined, the transient friend identification function 28 determines whether the correlation score is greater than an auto-add threshold (step 116). The auto-add threshold may be a user-defined threshold or a system-defined threshold. Further, the auto-add threshold may be static or dynamic. For example, the user 20-1 may adjust the auto-add threshold when desired. As another example, the transient friend identification function 28 may dynamically change the auto-add threshold as a function of factors such as, for example, a number of transient friends in the transient friends list of the user 20-1, a number of transient friends in the transient friends list of the user 20-1 as compared to a desired number of transient friends, a total number of persisted friends and transient friends of the user 20-1, a total number of persisted friends and transient friends of the user 20-1 as compared to a desired number of persisted and transient friends, or the like.

If the correlation score is greater than the auto-add threshold, the transient friend identification function 28 adds the proximate user to the list of transient friends for the user 20-1 (step 118). The process then proceeds to step 128. If the correlation score is less than the auto-add threshold, the transient friend identification function 28 determines whether the correlation score is greater than a manual-add threshold (step 120). The manual-add threshold may be a user-defined threshold defined by the user 20-1 or a system-defined threshold. Further, the manual-add threshold may be static or dynamic. For example, the user 20-1 may adjust the manual-

add threshold when desired. As another example, the transient friend identification function 28 may dynamically change the manual-add threshold as a function of factors such as, for example, a number of transient friends in the transient friends list of the user 20-1, a number of transient friends in the transient friends list of the user 20-1 as compared to a desired number of transient friends, a total number of persisted friends and transient friends of the user 20-1, a total number of persisted friends and transient friends of the user 20-1 as compared to a desired number of persisted and transient friends, or the like. Note that the manual-add threshold may be any desired value less than or equal to the auto-add threshold. Further, if desired, the manual-add threshold may be zero such that the user 20-1 is given the option to choose whether to add proximate users as transient friends for all proximate users having correlation scores less than the autoadd threshold. In contrast, the manual-add score may be set equal to the auto-add threshold such that all proximate users having correlation scores less than the auto-add threshold are not added as transient friends of the user 20-1.

If the correlation score is not greater than the manual-add threshold, the process proceeds to step 128. If the correlation score is greater than the manual-add threshold, the transient friend identification function 28 notifies the user 20-1 and enables the user 20-1 to choose whether to add the proximate 25 user as a transient friend (step 122). The notification may include information identifying the proximate user, the correlation score, one or more of the attributes of the proximate user from the user profile of the proximate user, or the like. Based on a response from the user 20-1, the transient friend 30 identification function 28 determines whether to add the proximate user as a transient friend for the user 20-1 (step 124). If the user 20-1 has chosen not to add the proximate user as a transient friend, the process proceeds to step 128. Otherwise, the transient friend identification function 28 adds the 35 proximate user to the list of transient friends for the user 20-1 (step 126).

At this point, the transient friend identification function 28 determines whether the proximate user is the last proximate user in the list of proximate users provided in step 102 (step 40 128). If not, a next proximate user in the list of proximate users is identified (step 130), and then the process returns to step 104 (FIG. 3A). Once the last proximate user in the list of proximate users is processed, the process ends. Note that transient friend identification function 28 may then perform 45 the process of FIGS. 3A and 3B for each of the other users 20-2 through 20-N and 22. Alternatively, the transient friend identification function 28 may include a separate thread or process for each of the users 20-1 through 20-N and 22.

Note that, in the embodiment described above, the correlation score is implemented such that the proximate user is automatically added as a transient friend if the correlation score is greater than the auto-add threshold. If not, the proximate user may be manually added as a transient friend if the correlation score is greater than the manual-add threshold. 55 However, the correlation score may alternatively be implemented such that the proximate user is automatically added as a transient friend if the correlation score is less than an auto-add threshold and may be manually added as a transient friend if the correlation score is greater than the auto-add threshold 60 but less than a manual-add threshold.

FIG. 4 is a flow chart illustrating the operation of the transient friend monitoring function 30 of FIG. 1 according to one embodiment of the present invention. Note that while the following process is discussed as being performed to monitor 65 the transient friends of the user 20-1, the process is also performed to monitor the transient friends of each of the other

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users 20-2 through 20-N and 22. First, the transient friend monitoring function 30 identifies a first transient friend in the list of transient friends of the user 20-1 (step 200). Next, the transient friend monitoring function 30 determines whether the user 20-1 has issued a block request for the transient friend (step 202). More specifically, in one embodiment, the user 20-1 may select one or more users identified as transient friends and choose to block the selected users from being transient friends. If the user 20-1 has issued a block request for the transient friend, the transient friend monitoring function 30 adds the corresponding user to the list of blocked users for the user 20-1, removes the corresponding user as a transient friend of the user 20-1, and proceeds to step 220 (step 204).

If the user 20-1 has not issued a block request for the transient friend, the transient friend monitoring function 30 determines whether the transient friend is still in the proximate area of the user 20-1 (step 206). If so, the process proceeds to step 220. In an alternative embodiment, before proceeding to step 220, the transient friend monitoring function 30 may determine whether the user profile of the transient friend or the user profile of the user 20-1 has changed. If so, the correlation score is updated. If the updated correlation score is below an auto-removal threshold, the transient friend may be automatically removed. If the updated correlation score is greater than the auto-removal threshold but less than a manual-remove threshold, the user 20-1 may be notified and enabled to choose whether to remove the transient friend.

Returning to step 206, if the transient friend is not in the proximate area of the user 20-1, the transient friend monitoring function 30 determines whether a proximity exit delay for the transient friend has expired (step 208). More specifically, in one embodiment, a time is recorded upon first detecting that the transient friend is no longer within the proximate area of the user 20-1. The proximity exit delay defines an amount of time that the transient friend must remain outside of the proximate area of the user 20-1 before being removed as a transient friend of the user 20-1. Thus, in order for the proximity exit delay to expire, more than one iteration of the process of FIG. 4 may be required between the time at which the transient friend is first detected as being outside the proximate area of the user 20-1 and the time at which the proximity exit delay has expired. If the proximity exit delay has not expired, the process proceeds to step 220.

In this embodiment, if the proximity exit delay has expired, the transient friend monitoring function 30 notifies the user 20-1 and enables the user 20-1 to choose whether to add the transient friend as a persisted friend or to allow the transient friend to be removed (step 210). Alternatively, the transient friend may automatically be removed. Based on a response from the user 20-1, the transient friend monitoring function 30 determines whether to remove the transient friend (step 212). If the transient friend is not to be removed, the transient friend monitoring function 30 promotes the transient friend to a persisted friend (step 214). More specifically, the corresponding user is removed from the transient friends list of the user 20-1 and added to the persisted friends list of the user 20-1.

If the user 20-1 chooses to remove the transient friend, the transient friend monitoring function 30 removes the corresponding user from the transient friends list of the user 20-1 (step 216). The transient friend monitoring function 30 also adds the corresponding user as a recently removed friend (step 218). More specifically, the corresponding user is added to the list of recently removed friends for the user 20-1. In

addition, if the use of a re-establish wait period is desired, the current time is recorded as a time of removal for the corre-

At this point, the transient friend monitoring function 30 determines whether there are more transient friends in the 5 transient friends list of the user 20-1 (step 220). If so, a next transient friend is identified (step 222), and the process returns to step 202 and is repeated. Once the last transient friend is processed, the process ends. Note that transient friend monitoring function 30 may then perform the process 10 of FIG. 4 for each of the other users 20-2 through 20-N and 22. Alternatively, the transient friend monitoring function 30 may include a separate thread or process for each of the users 20-1 through 20-N and 22.

FIG. 5 is a graphical illustration of the operation of the 15 transient friend processing function 24 of FIG. 1 including the use of a re-establish wait period and a proximity exit delay according to one embodiment of the present invention. More specifically, four scenarios, scenarios A through D, are illustrated. In each scenario, a relationship of users A and B are 20 graphically depicted as user B comes inside a proximate area of user A, goes outside of the proximate area of user A, and then comes back inside the proximate area of user A.

In scenario A, at an initial time, Time 0, user B is initially not within the proximate area of user A. As such, there is no 25 relationship between users A and B. At Time 1, user B comes within the proximate area of user A. Assuming that the conditions for adding user B as a transient friend of user A are satisfied, user B is then added as a transient friend of user A. Thereafter, at Time 2, user B goes outside of the proximate 30 area of user A. In this scenario, user B does not re-enter the proximate area of user A before the proximity exit delay has expired. As a result, user B is removed as a transient friend of user A. When user B is removed as a transient friend of user A, a time of removal is recorded. User B is prevented from 35 being re-established as a transient friend of user A until a re-establish wait period starting from the time of removal has expired. In this example, user B re-enters the proximate area of user A at Time 3. However, the re-establish wait period has not expired. As such, user B is prevented from being added as 40 a transient friend of user A. When the re-establish wait period expires, user B is still in the proximate area of user A. As such, user B is then re-established as a transient friend of user A.

In scenario B, at the initial time, Time 0, user B is initially not within the proximate area of user A. As such, there is no 45 relationship between users A and B. At Time 1, user B comes within the proximate area of user A. Assuming that the conditions for adding user B as a transient friend of user A are satisfied, user B is then added as a transient friend of user A. Thereafter, at Time 2, user B goes outside of the proximate 50 area of user A. However, in this scenario, user B re-enters the proximate area of user A before the proximity exit delay has expired. As a result, user B is not removed as a transient friend of user A.

In scenario C, at the initial time, Time 0, user B is initially 55 network for a user comprising: not within the proximate area of user A. As such, there is no relationship between users A and B. At Time 1, user B comes within the proximate area of user A. Assuming that the conditions for adding user B as a transient friend of user A are satisfied, user B is then added as a transient friend of user A. Thereafter, at some time while user B is in the proximate area of user A, user A requests that user B be promoted from a transient friend to a persisted friend. As such, user B is added to the list of persisted friends of user A and, therefore, remains a friend of user A regardless of location and similarity of user 65 attributes. Note, however, that user A may thereafter choose to remove user B as a persisted friend if desired.

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In scenario D, at the initial time, Time 0, user B is initially not within the proximate area of user A. As such, there is no relationship between users A and B. At Time 1, user B comes within the proximate area of user A. Assuming that the conditions for adding user B as a transient friend of user A are satisfied, user B is then added as a transient friend of user A. Thereafter, at some time while user B is in the proximate area of user A, user A requests that user B be blocked. As such, user B is removed as a transient friend of user A and is thereafter prevented from being added as a transient friend of user A.

FIG. 6 is a block diagram of an exemplary embodiment of the central server 12 of FIG. 1. In general, the central server 12 includes a control system 42 having associated memory 44. In this embodiment, the transient friend processing function 24 is implemented in software and stored in the memory **44**. However, the present invention is not limited thereto. The central server 12 also includes one or more digital storage devices 46 such as, for example, one or more hard disk drives or the like. The user records 26 may be stored by the one or more digital storage devices 46. Alternatively, the user records 26 may be stored remotely and be accessible to the central server 12. The central server 12 also includes a communication interface 48 communicatively coupling the central server 12 to the network 18 (FIG. 1). Lastly, the central server 12 includes a user interface 50, which may include components such as, for example, a display, one or more user input devices, and the like.

FIG. 7 is a block diagram of an exemplary embodiment of the mobile user device 14-1 of FIG. 1. This discussion is applicable to the other mobile user devices 14-2 through 14-N and the stationary user device 16. In general, the mobile user device 14-1 includes a control system 52 having associated memory 54. In this embodiment, the social networking application 32-1 is implemented in software and stored in the memory 54. However, the present invention is not limited thereto. As discussed above, the mobile user device 14-1 may also include the location determination function 34-1. The mobile user device 14-1 also includes one or more digital storage devices 56 such as, for example, one or more hard disk drives or the like. The mobile user device 14-1 also includes a communication interface 58 communicatively coupling the mobile user device 14-1 to the network 18 (FIG. 1). Lastly, the mobile user device 14-1 includes a user interface 60, which may include components such as, for example, a display, one or more user input devices, a speaker, and the like.

Those skilled in the art will recognize improvements and modifications to the preferred embodiments of the present invention. All such improvements and modifications are considered within the scope of the concepts disclosed herein and the claims that follow.

What is claimed is:

1. A method for maintaining associations within a social

identifying a device proximate to a user device;

determining whether the identified device is associated with an entity having a pre-established association with a user of the user device within the social network;

if the identified device is not associated with an entity having a pre-established association with the user:

comparing at least one attribute of the user and at least one attribute of the entity to provide a correlation score:

determining that the user-entity association is to be established if the correlation score is greater than a first threshold; and

- establishing the user-entity association within the social network if a determination is made to establish the user-entity association within the social network; and
- maintaining the user-entity association within the social network based upon whether the entity and the user 5 device remain proximate.
- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein maintaining the userentity association within the social network based upon whether the entity and the user device remain proximate
  - determining that the entity and the user device are no longer proximate;
  - waiting at least an amount of time defined by a proximity exit delay;
  - after waiting the at least an amount of time defined by the proximity exit delay, determining whether the entity and the user device are still no longer proximate; and
  - removing the user-entity association within the social network if the entity and the user device are still no longer 20 proximate.
- 3. The method of claim 1 wherein maintaining the userentity association within the social network based upon whether the entity and the user device remain proximate comprises removing the user-entity association within the 25 social network if the entity and the user device are no longer proximate.
- 4. The method of claim 3 further comprising re-establishing the user-entity association within the social network when the entity and the user device are proximate again.
  - **5**. The method of claim **3** further comprising:
  - determining when the entity and the user device are again proximate;
  - determining whether a re-establish wait period has expired since removing the user-entity association within the 35 social network: and
  - if the re-establish wait period has expired, re-establishing the user-entity association within the social network.
  - 6. The method of claim 3 further comprising:
  - determining when the entity and the user device are again 40 proximate;
  - determining whether a re-establish wait period has expired since removing the user-entity association within the social network; and
  - if the re-establish wait period has expired:
    - determining whether to establish the user-entity association within the social network as a function of a comparison of at least one attribute of the user and at least one attribute of the entity; and
    - social network if a determination is made to establish the user-entity association within the social network.
- 7. The method of claim 1 wherein maintaining the userentity association within the social network comprises:
  - determining that the entity and the user device are no 55 longer proximate;
  - notifying the user such that the user is enabled to choose whether to remove the user-entity association;
  - if the first user chooses to remove the user-entity association, removing the user-entity association; and

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- if the first user chooses not to remove the user-entity association, making the user-entity association persistent.
- 8. The method of claim 1 further comprising, if the correlation score is less than the first threshold:
  - determining whether the correlation score is greater than a 65 second threshold; and
  - if the correlation score is greater than the second threshold:

- notifying the user of the entity such that the user is enabled to choose whether to establish the user-entity association; and
- establishing the user-entity association if the user chooses to establish the user-entity association.
- **9**. The method of claim **1** wherein the entity is one of a business establishment and a user of an electronic device.
- 10. The method of claim 9 wherein the user-entity association within the social network is the user being a follower of the business.
  - 11. A system comprising:
  - a communication interface communicatively coupling the system to devices via a communication network; and
  - a control system associated with the communication interface and adapted to:
    - identify a device proximate a user device;
    - determine whether the identified device is associated with an entity having a pre-established association with a user of the user device within the social network:
    - if the identified device is not associated with an entity having a pre-established association with the user:
      - compare the at least one attribute of the user and the at least one attribute of the entity to provide a correlation score;
      - determine that the user-entity association is to be established if the correlation score is greater than a first threshold; and
      - establish the user-entity association within the social network if a determination is made to establish the user-entity association within the social network; and
    - maintain the user-entity association within the social network based upon whether the entity and the user device remain proximate.
- 12. The system of claim 11 wherein the control system is adapted to:
  - determine that the entity and the user device are no longer proximate;
  - wait at least an amount of time defined by a proximity exit delay;
  - after waiting the at least an amount of time defined by the proximity exit delay, determine whether the entity and the user device are still no longer proximate; and
  - remove the user-entity association within the social network if the entity and the user device are still no longer proximate.
- 13. The system of claim 11 wherein the control system is re-establishing the user-entity association within the 50 adapted to remove the user-entity association within the social network if the entity and the user device are no longer proximate.
  - 14. The system of claim 13 wherein the control system is adapted to re-establish the user-entity association within the social network when the entity and the user device are proximate again.
  - 15. The system of claim 13 wherein the control system is adapted to:
    - determine when the entity and the user device are again proximate;
    - determine whether a re-establish wait period has expired since removing the user-entity association within the social network; and
    - if the re-establish wait period has expired, re-establish the user-entity association within the social network.
  - 16. The system of claim 13 wherein the control system is adapted to:

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determine when the entity and the user device are again proximate:

determine whether a re-establish wait period has expired since removing the user-entity association within the social network; and

if the re-establish wait period has expired:

determine whether to establish the user-entity association within the social network as a function of a comparison of at least one attribute of the user and at least one attribute of the entity; and

re-establish the user-entity association within the social network if a determination is made to establish the user-entity association within the social network.

17. The system of claim 11 wherein the control system is  $_{\ 15}$  adapted to:

determine that the entity and the user device are no longer proximate;

notify the user such that the user is enabled to choose whether to remove the user-entity association; 20

if the first user chooses to remove the user-entity association, remove the user-entity association; and

if the first user chooses not to remove the user-entity association, make the user-entity association persistent.

**18**. The system of claim **11** wherein the control system is 25 adapted to, if the correlation score is less than the first threshold:

determine whether the correlation score is greater than a second threshold; and

if the correlation score is greater than the second threshold:

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notify the user of the entity such that the user is enabled to choose whether to establish the user-entity association: and

establish the user-entity association if the user chooses to establish the user-entity association.

19. The system of claim 11 wherein the entity is one of a business establishment and a user of an electronic device.

20. The system of claim 19 wherein the user-entity association within the social network is the user being a follower of the business.

**21**. A non-transitory computer readable medium comprising software with instructions for:

identifying a device proximate a user device;

determining whether the identified device is associated with an entity having a pre-established association with a user of the user device within the social network;

if the identified device is not associated with an entity having a pre-established association with the user:

comparing at least one attribute of the user and at least one attribute of the entity to provide a correlation score:

determining that the user-entity association is to be established if the correlation score is greater than a first threshold; and

establishing the user-entity association within the social network if a determination is made to establish the user-entity association within the social network; and

maintaining the user-entity association within the social network based upon whether the entity and the user device remain proximate.

\* \* \* \* \*